

#### **Inquiry Demonstration Plan**

	Conversational French – Farm Animals	Lesson #	2	_ Date: _	July
Name:	Yi MAO	Subject(s):	Foreign Language	Grade(s):	Grade 1-3

#### Rationale & Overview

Why does this topic matter to students?

French is the second-most commonly spoken language in Canada. Aside from Québec, there are many communities with large French-speaking populations. However French-learning environments in Kamloops have been insufficient. In addition, I hope children could build up a good rapport with the nature and their bodies & minds. It is a great way to teach kids about kindness - how to be kind to others and to the environment.

How does this lesson fit within the larger inquiry project?

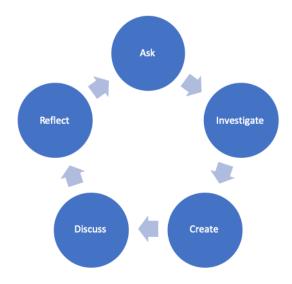
This lesson fits in the inquiry process because it is a process where I will focus on questioning and communication with peers and teacher. Children will learn about conversing with another person about their names, what they like to do, and how they feel. The outdoor inquiry can foster students to think about their world and the part they play in it.

How does this project incorporate the inquiry cycle?

This project incorporates the inquiry cycle because students are communicating by experiencing their learning journey through listening cycle; yoga poses for kids, storytelling and online discussion. These outdoor activities encourage students to ask good questions, express bravely their viewpoints, patterns and discuss these specific topics in order to really understand the knowledge. Children can always be confident and at ease in an outdoor setting so that they can explore something instead of memorizing the boring French vocabularies

**Key Questions For Inquiry** 

Core Question & Supporting Questions for Inquiry Project	Question(s) Addressed in This Lesson
*How to foster children's interests in French learning?  *Which parts are they interested in French learning? Why?  *How do they share their happiness or frustration in French learning to their friends or parents?  *How to learn French vocabularies from yoga poses for kids and improve their emotion regulation?	*What kinds of animals that might live in Riverside Park?  * How animals are kind to the world?



## **Inquiry Approach and Rationale**

This French lesson gives students an unforgettable and meaningful experience to connect the French with the nature world through observation and thinking. Every student can express themselves in French in a comfortable and positive environment; they are encouraged to make mistakes because they are LEARNING!:) Negative speech towards themselves or others will not be tolerated. I will ask kids to imagine being a dog (chien), a cat (chat) or other animals and what is life like an animal like in order to foster IE (Imagination education) which can make students learning more efficient, interesting and engaging. Through yoga poses such as facing dog pose, cat pose, cow pose etc can reminds children how to be kind to others and to the environment.

## Core Principles of Effective Teaching (Sharon Friesen) Focus on one or more core principles in the lesson

**Core Principle 1:** Effective teaching practice begins with the thoughtful and intentional design of learning that engages students intellectually and academically.

\*What aspects of the inquiry are the most challenging and meaningful for students?

According to Judson (2020), he described the walking course which is a teaching method to relieve students' curiosity and develop students' perception. Walking can make students move, ensure their health and happiness and even stimulate their emotion and imagination by changing the learning situation. More broadly, walk-based practical courses can cultivate students' emotional connections to the world around them, reshaped their worldview. Walking courses take a variety of forms, such as "outdoor learning", its curriculum and activities is mostly driven by the interest of the kids.

**Core Principle 2:** The work that students are asked to undertake is worthy of their time and attention, is personally relevant, and deeply connected to the world in which they live.

\*What makes this inquiry valuable, meaningful, and "alive" for the students and teachers?

In my design of the project, I have prepared a variety of learning activities. For example, I will encourage students to create a kindness tree (l'arbre), on each leaf, write down a way they can be kind and then add the leaves to the tree and I will teach do yoga poses connecting with French words like facing dog pose (posture du chien), tree pose (posture de l'arbre) etc. Children can explore something instead of memorizing the boring French vocabularies. As Vygosky's basic

proposition revealed how children could use imagination to make sense of the world. Imagination education can make students' learning more efficient, interesting and engaging (Egan & Judson, 2015). Many teachers believed that imagination education is not a typical topic; it is too vague for students. In order to remedy this problem and explore imagination, teachers can ask children to do many graphic or drawing activities which have probably more expected results. Core Principle 3: Assessment practices are clearly Children can complete the quiz via Kahoot which focused on improving student learning and guiding has an interactive and joyful environment instead teaching decisions and actions. of finishing it in a stressful atmosphere and they \*How do I define learning and success in this can get scores and explanations instantly for each quiz question on Kahoot. Or exit tickets will be inquiry? How is learning expressed and articulated in peer, self and teacher assessments? used to assess how well children understand the French course they are learning in this class. I define learning and success in this inquiry process with the sharing circle at the end of the lesson, when I hear students' questions about any animals, observations, and wonders, I can see that the process was articulated meaningfully. Jenny Merrill in the Golden Jubilee edition of The **Core Principle 4:** Teachers foster a variety of interdependent relationships in classrooms that Paradise of Childhood (1916) describes what promote learning and create a strong culture around exemplary curriculums were like in early 20thcentury kindergartens including "observation of \*How do I connect students with each other, with the sun, the moon, the stars, the sky, the clouds, experts in the field, with larger communities and rain and snow ... shadows indoors and out-ofnature, and across disciplines? doors ... care of living animals, learning names of natural objects." I hope children can do this kind of learning as aboriginal pedagogy including observation of nature, learning about plants, animals and their peers and teachers. One of my purposes of French class is that children will spend a half day in a park to observe, practice and learn from the nature and get away from the electronic devises. I think children should be given time to have a face to face communication rather than distracted with tablets or smartphones which may harm their developments. Kutscher and Rosin (2016) found that when the kids spent more time in front of iPads, computers, TVs and mobile phones, they experienced increasing levels of "clinically significant inattention problems" as well as other ADHD-type behaviour issues. Core Principle 5: Teachers improve their practice I will share what I worked and what I could be in the company of peers. improved upon and get feedback from other

*How do I reflect on the inquiry together, and/or	teachers to improve my French teaching.
collaborate with others?	

**BC Curriculum Core Competencies** 

Communication	Thinking	Personal & Social
Freire (1992) stated that	Critical thinking is a major part	The Personal and Social
interaction is the foundation of	of all aspects of developing	competency is the set of
the classroom learning	learning goals and assessing	abilities that relate to
activities and effective	progress. Reflection can help	students' identity in the
teaching. Effective learning	students recognize the deeper	world, both as individuals
environment should be based	meaning behind the knowledge.	and as members of their
on inquiry-based learning and	Every student has their own	community and society.
communication with others	thoughts towards a question.	Personal and social
(teacher-student, student to		competency encompasses
student )in the classroom.		what students need to thrive
		as individuals, to understand
		and care about themselves
		and others, and to find and
		achieve their purposes in the
		world.

## BC Curriculum Big Ideas (STUDENTS UNDERSTAND)

My course design is guided by BC's curriculum:

<u>Français Langue seconde – immersion 2</u>

- Creating and Communicating
- Express ideas, emotions and personal experiences using visual and gestural elements
- Interact spontaneously with peers using complete sentences
- Read a simple text with fluency
- Ask questions in order to enhance understanding and deepen knowledge
- Write short texts that follow the rules of sentence structure and connect ideas in a logical fashion

# BC Curriculum Learning Standards (STUDENTS DO)

## (STUDENTS KNOW)

<b>Learning Standards - Curricular Competencies</b>	Learning Standards - Content
-Recognize Francophone and Aboriginal cultural	communication strategies:
elements	active listening
- Speak about oneself and one's daily life	turn-taking in a conversation
- Read simple sentences, decoding the words,	expressions of courtesy and greetings
pronouncing them correctly and following	<u>cultural elements</u>
punctuation conventions.	elements of a story:
-Take the initiative of asking questions of the	characters, settings, events
teacher and peers	text organization:
-Write simple sentences using words that follow	structure of a story
spelling patterns and conventions of syntax	phonemic awareness:
	phonemes, syllables, rhymes
	writing conventions:
	uppercase and lowercase letters
	spaces between words
	punctuation

## BC Curriculum Indigenous Connections/ First Peoples Principles of Learning

How will I incorporate Indigenous knowledge and principles of learning?

In the new BC curriculum they describe place as; "Place is any environment, locality, or context with which people interact to learn, create memory, reflect on history, connect with culture, and establish identity. The connection between people and place is foundational to First Peoples perspectives of the world." (BC's New Curriculum, 2018). First People's Principles of Learning is incorporated through the holistic way of learning about how everything is interconnected; "Learning is holistic, reflexive, experiential, and relational."

#### **Respectful Relations**

How will I invite students of all backgrounds, interests and skills into the inquiry? Students will be given more opportunities to participate in sharing their wonders, questions and interests about the French language.

When I teach students farm animal words and noises, I am not only teaching them about the many sounds I make in the French language, but also about our culture and the world

#### **Lesson Activities**

Time Allotted		Teacher	Students
Invitation	15	(Lesson will begin in	
	minutes	Riverside Park)	Students are thinking and talking about their
		Ask – Essential	own pets if they have or they are encouraged to
		questions:	talk about any animals living at Riverside Park
		- Talk about the sounds	and point out the name of animal and talk about
		animals make	what it eats.
		- talk about their	
		favorite animals	They build vocabulary and have an expanded
			view of what an animal is.
		Observation:	
		Go for a walk at park and	Students are learning about basic conversational
		look at various animals.	French about farm animal through flashcards
		And then I teach them say	
		Hello; "What do/don't you	
		have?" I (don't) have;	
		"Would you like?" "Yes	
		I would like / No, I	
		would not like; Good-	
		bye and show them flashcards.	
Inquiry	15		E.g.: Finding their individual story with any
mqun y	minutes	Investigate: Guide students to have	animals at park or at home, expressing their
	ininutes	a dialogue with their	feelings with the sounds animals make. For
		peers.	example, a dog growls or a cow lets out a shrill
		peers.	"moo!" when upset, student may communicate
		*Teacher will listen and	his/her feelings in those ways.
		discover the concerns	ms/ner reemigs in those ways.
		of the French language.	
Reflection	10	Create/Reflect:	Students can create their own yoga poses that
Kenecuon	minutes	·	
	minutes	Practicing a "walking	reflect the physical part of nature. (Dog pose, cat

Discussion	5 minutes	curriculum" with kids to let them connect to the nature and teach them how to be kind to others and to the environment.  *Teacher will translate their pose and draw to French and help them memorize these vocabularies through yoga practice and their imagination.  Discuss Sharing Cycle:  -What was challenging about this topic? What was enjoyable?  - What animals did you	Passing around a meaningful stone among students, they will share a meaningful observation, question, or wondering about their animals.
		see while outside today?	
Assessment	10 minutes	I will post a short video online in order to let students review the French words at home.	Students will learn more about animals in French and at the end of this video, there is a quiz to do. <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nGYUGj8UkUA">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nGYUGj8UkUA</a>

#### **Materials and Resources**

- yoga mat
- flashcards about farm animals
- talking stone
- Ipad or laptop after class in order to watch online video and finish the quiz.

#### **Organizational Strategies**

- -Yoga poses are considered as imagination education, it can make students' learning more efficient, interesting and engaging
- Ask every student to observe different animals at park. They may choose to record their observations in a journal.
- I will also use technology (Youtube video) in order to let students review the French words learned in this lesson.

## Proactive, Positive Classroom Learning Environment Strategies

- -Social distancing
- Make sure students safe in outside

### **Extensions**

- Write journal
- Learn French words via Youtube video

-Draw animal (All living animals need to be written in French).

### Reflections (to be completed after the lesson demonstration)

#### References

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